## Do you know copyright?

Sharing published information with colleagues, customers and partners is pretty routine. Did you know that many of these materials are copyright-protected?

Here are some misconceptions about copyright and tips from CCC's "Jim the librarian" on how you can share content responsibly.

## **Copyright Misconceptions**

- "Our product was reviewed by a top trade journal. I'm going to send copies to my colleagues. ,,
- "As long as I cite the source, I can use content from other people in my articles, reports and presentations. ,,
- "A lot of articles I read online feature tools for people to share on Facebook, Twitter, and Google+. So, that means I can use it however I want to.,
- "We ordered paper reprints of an article; I'm going to e-mail it to people. ,,
- "I am only posting this newsletter article on my company's intranet site. We're the only ones who will see it, so I figure it's not a big deal.,
- "If I find something online, it is okay to reproduce it in my company's blog. After all, it is just a blog.,
- "I contacted the copyright holder to get permission, but they never got back to me. So, it must be okay to use the material. ,,
- "My company has an online subscription to a journal, so it should be okay if I send my customers articles from it. ,,

## Tips from Jim the librarian

Even though the article mentions your company, make sure you have a license, for example, from CCC, or have received permission directly from the publisher.

Including the author's name in your work doesn't eliminate the need to get permission from the copyright holder.

Some copyright holders may encourage you to forward their content to others. But that doesn't necessarily mean you may use it any way you would like. You may need their permission for certain uses.

Most publications license content based on format and type of use. You may have to obtain the rights to distribute the reprint electronically.

Posting it to an intranet site is no different than photocopying it for each employee. Make sure you have a license from CCC or have received permission directly from the publisher.

Copyright law applies to blogs as it does to other original works.

The lack of response from the copyright holder doesn't negate the need to obtain permission.

Many licenses limit distribution to other employees within your company. Check with your information manager on the terms of your subscription.



## Take a crash course on copyright

Watch Jim in the hit video, "Copyright Basics" and learn the ins and outs of U.S. copyright law. Visit copyright.com/copyrightbasics

